

Double Category Sites

for

Grothendieck Topoi

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# Background: Grothendieck Topoi and Étendues

Definition: • A Grothendieck topos  $\mathcal{T}$  is a category that admits a geometric embedding into a presheaf category

$$\mathcal{T} \begin{array}{c} \xleftarrow{\text{left ex.}} \\ \xrightarrow{\perp} \\ \xrightarrow{\text{full and faithful}} \end{array} \text{PSh}(C)$$

• A **spatial** étendue is a Grothendieck topos  $\mathcal{E}$  that has an object  $E$  such that:

①  $E \rightarrow 1$  is epic

② the slice topos  $\mathcal{E}/E$  is localic/**spatial**.

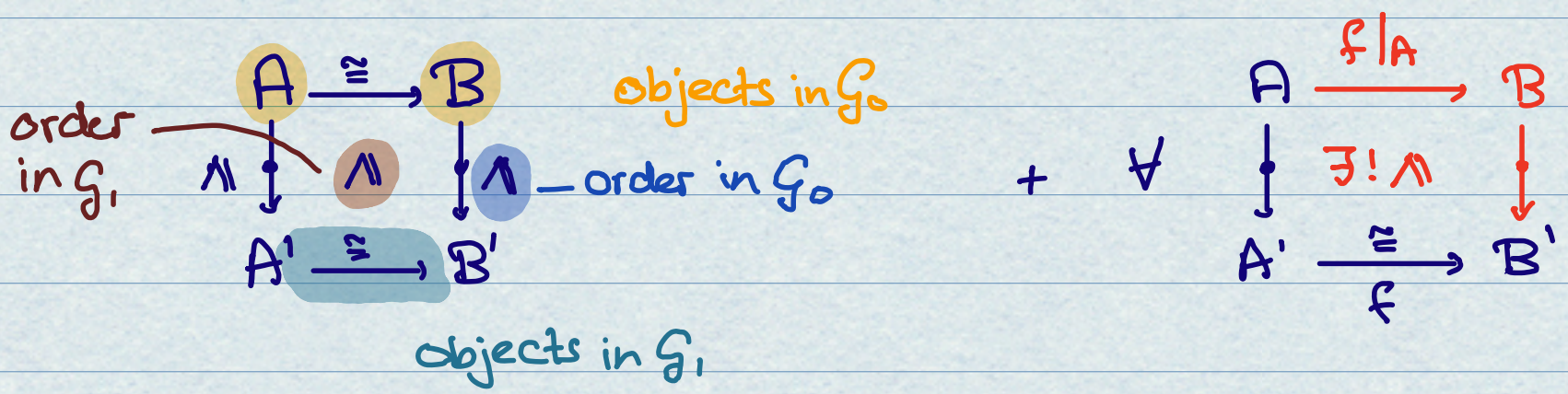


# Sites for Étendues

- A Grothendieck topos is an étendue iff it can be described as sheaves on a left-cancellative site. [Kock-Moerdijk, Rosenthal]

• Definition An ordered groupoid is an internal groupoid  $\mathcal{G}$  in the category of posets whose source  $s: \mathcal{G}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{G}_0$  is a discrete fibration.

[DeWolff-?]: ordered groupoids as double categories:





# From Left-Cancellative Categories to Ordered Groupoids

$\mathcal{C}$  left-cancellative  $\longmapsto$   $E(\mathcal{C})$  ordered groupoid:  
obj: Subobjects in  $\mathcal{C} : [m]$ , where  
 $m: A' \twoheadrightarrow A$  in  $\mathcal{C}$

vert. arrows:  $[m] \rightarrow [n]$  iff

$$\exists A'' \begin{array}{ccc} & \xrightarrow{k} & A' \\ m \searrow & \cong & \swarrow n \\ & A & \end{array} \text{ in } \mathcal{C}.$$

hor. arrows:  $[m] \xrightarrow{[m', f, n']} [n]$

given by  $\begin{array}{ccc} & \cong & \\ m \searrow & \xrightarrow{f} & \swarrow n \\ & m' & \end{array} \xrightarrow{\cong} \begin{array}{ccc} & \cong & \\ n' \searrow & \xrightarrow{f'} & \swarrow n \\ & & \end{array} \text{ in } \mathcal{C}$

double cells:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} [m] & \xrightarrow{[m, f, n]} & [n] \\ \downarrow & \wedge & \downarrow \\ [m'] & \xrightarrow{[m', f', n']} & [n'] \end{array} \text{ given by } \begin{array}{ccc} & \xrightarrow{f} & \\ m \searrow & \downarrow & \swarrow n \\ & m' & \end{array} \cong \begin{array}{ccc} & \xrightarrow{f'} & \\ n' \searrow & \downarrow & \swarrow n \\ & & \end{array}$$

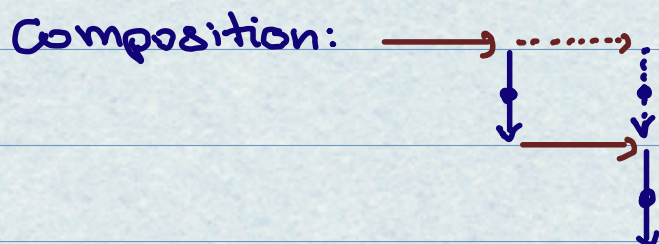
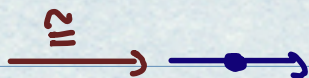


# From Ordered Groupoids to Left-Cancellative Categories

$C(\mathcal{G})$  - category of "corners" in  $\mathcal{G}$   $\longleftrightarrow$   $\mathcal{G}$  ordered groupoid

objects: those of  $\mathcal{G}$

arrows: formal composites

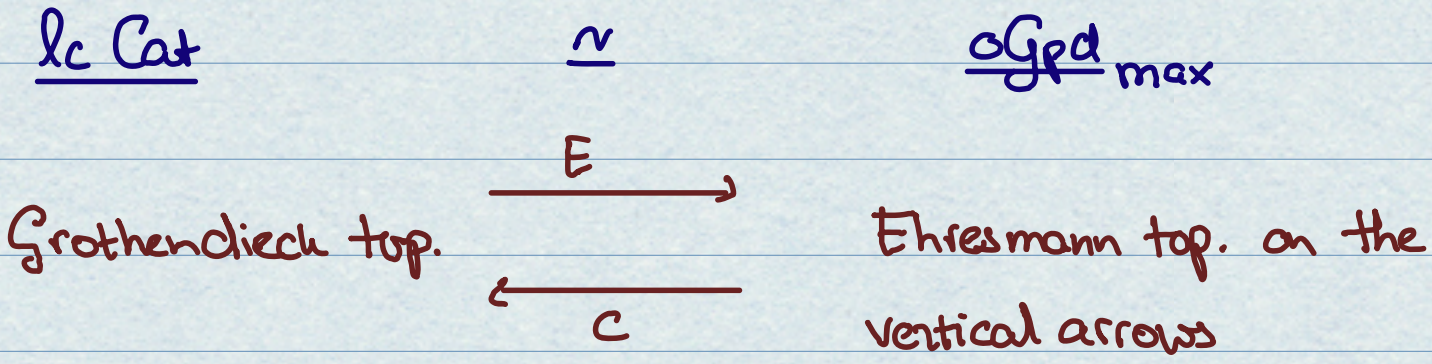


Thm •  $\underline{lcCat} \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{E} \\ \perp \\ \xleftarrow{C} \end{matrix} \underline{oGpd}$  is a 2-adjunction

•  $\underline{lcCat} \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{E} \\ \perp \\ \xleftarrow{C} \end{matrix} (\underline{oGpd})_{max}$  is a bi-equivalence

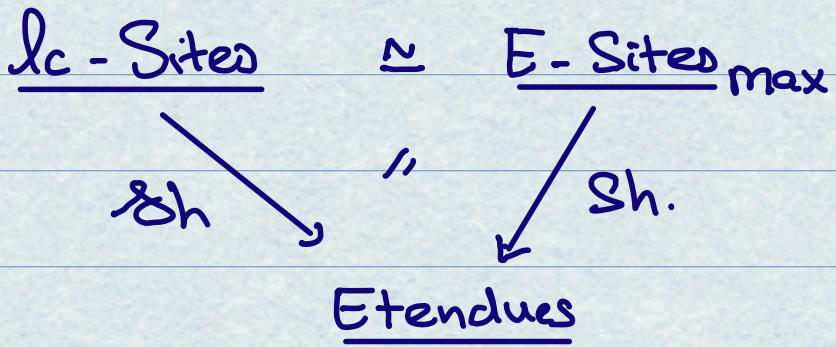


# Sites for Etendues



Sheaves :  $\mathcal{C}^{op} \longrightarrow \underline{\text{Set}}$   
 satisfying the amalgamation condition

Sheaves :  $\mathcal{G}^{op.op} \longrightarrow \text{Sh} \underline{\text{Set}}$   
 satisfying the vertical amalgamation condition





## Remarks

- An Ehresmann topology on an ordered groupoid gives rise to a Grothendieck topology on its category of vertical arrows.
- To define the 2-equivalence between categories of sites we need to translate the notions of covering flatness and covering preservation to double functors between  $E$ -sites.
- We can also translate the notions of the Comparison Lemma, but we won't obtain  $\text{topoi}$  as a category of fractions, because there are not enough left-cancellative sites to satisfy the Ore condition.

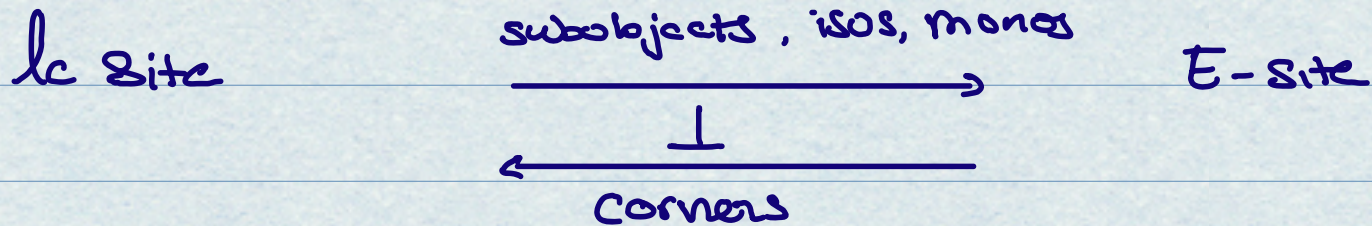


## Goal for Today

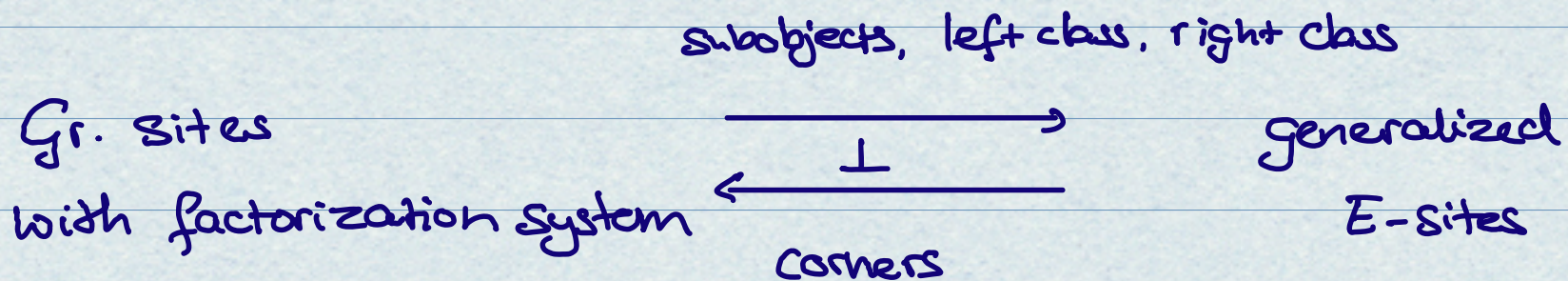
- Introduce a notion of generalized Ehresmann sites such that:
  - every Grothendieck topos is represented by a generalized Ehresmann site
  - Grothendieck topoi can be obtained as a bicategory of fractions w.r.t. the Comparison Lemma maps
- \* if I have time I will tell you what additional sites we obtain for étendues.



# The Idea



Corners are known to give a factorization system



Note: although this looks a lot like the adjunctions studied by M. Štěpán, this is not the same; in particular, in our case corners provide a right adjoint, for him a left adjoint.

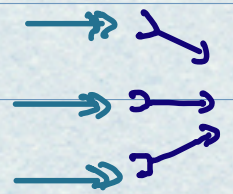


# Grothendieck Topoi as Sites

Let  $\mathcal{G}$  be a Grothendieck topos.

- $(\mathcal{G}, \mathcal{J}_{\text{can}})$  is a Grothendieck site with  $\mathcal{J}_{\text{can}}$  the canonical topology: **covering families**  $\equiv$  **jointly-epic families**
- Since  $\mathcal{G}$  is regular,  $(\text{epi}, \text{mono})$  is a stable orth. fact. system.
- $\mathcal{J}_{\text{can}}$  is fully determined by:

Covers:



- (m) families of monics that are covering (jointly epic)
- (c) single covering arrows (epi's)
- (s) epi's are stable under pbs along epi's and monics

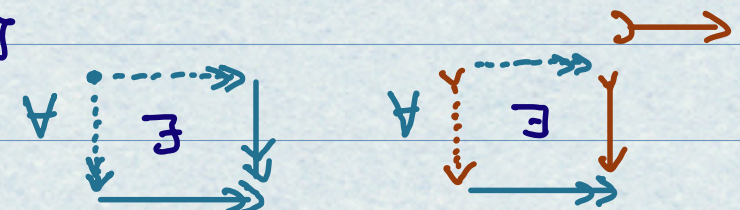
left cancellative sites (all arrows are monic)

atomic sites (sites where every single arrow covers, one needs )



# Covering-Mono Grothendieck Sites

Definition A covering-mono site is a Grothendieck site  $(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}})$  with an orthogonal factorization system  $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M})$  on the category  $\mathcal{C}$  such that:

- $\mathcal{E} \subseteq \{ \text{arrows that are single-arrow } \mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}}\text{-coverings} \}$
- $\mathcal{M} \subseteq \{ \text{monomorphisms} \}$
- $\mathcal{E}$  is left-quadrable: 

## Examples:

- (1)  $(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}})$  left-cancellative site +  $(\text{Iso}, \text{Mor})$ -factorization
- (2)  $(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}})$  atomic site +  $(\text{Mor}, \text{Iso})$ -factorization
- (3)  $(\mathcal{G}, \mathcal{J}_{\text{can}})$  Grothendieck topos +  $(\text{Epi}, \text{Mono})$ -factorization
- (4)  $X_{\text{ét}}$ , the small étale site over a scheme  $X$  + (surjective, open immersion) factorization



# Grothendieck Topoi and CM Sites

Proposition For every Grothendieck topos  $\mathcal{G}$ , there exists a CM site  $(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}})$  such that  $\mathcal{G} \cong \text{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}})$ .

Sketch of the Proof: Take  $(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}})$  with  $\mathcal{G} \cong \text{Sh}(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}})$ .

Consider the functor

$$(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}}) \xrightarrow{\# \mathcal{C}} \mathcal{G}$$

- Let  $(\mathcal{C}', \mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}'})$  be the closure of  $\text{Im}(\# \mathcal{C})$  under finite limits in  $\mathcal{G}$ .
- Add the subobjects in the epi-mono factorizations of arrows in  $\mathcal{C}'$  to obtain  $\mathcal{C}$ , with the canonical topology from  $\mathcal{G}$ .



# Morphisms Between CM-Sites

Note: morphisms between sites correspond to the algebraic part of the geometric morphisms — they are left adjoint and left exact.

left adjoint  $\Rightarrow$  preserves epis

left exact  $\Rightarrow$  preserves monics

Definition A CM morphism of CM sites is a functor that is covering preserving, covering flat and sends the  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{left} \\ \text{right} \end{array} \right.$  class to the  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{left} \\ \text{right} \end{array} \right.$  class.

Notation:  $\text{CMSite} :=$  2-category of CM sites with CM morphisms and natural transformations.



# There are enough CM Sites

Definition A covering-flat, covering-preserving morphism of sites is

$$f: (a, \mathcal{J}_a) \longrightarrow (b, \mathcal{J}_b)$$

LC (Lemme de Comparaison) if it is covering-reflecting and

satisfied:

(G) for all  $B$  in  $b$  there is a  $\mathcal{J}_b$ -cover

$$(f(A_i) \longrightarrow B)_{i \in I}$$

locally surjective

(F) for all  $c: f(A) \longrightarrow f(A')$  there is a  $\mathcal{J}_a$ -cover

$$(A_i \xrightarrow{a_i} A)_{i \in I} \text{ s.t. } c \circ f(a_i) \in \text{Im}(f)$$

locally full

(FF) for all  $c, c': A \rightrightarrows A'$  s.t.  $f(c) = f(c')$  there is a  $\mathcal{J}_a$ -cover

$$(A_i \xrightarrow{a_i} A)_{i \in I} \text{ s.t. } c \cdot a_i = c' \cdot a_i$$

locally faithful

Theorem: The pseudofunctor  $\text{Sh}: \text{CM-Site} \longrightarrow \text{Gr Top}^{\text{coop}}$  sends LC  
CM morphisms to equivalences and induces:  $\text{CMSite} [LC_{\text{cm}}^{-1}] \xrightarrow[\cong]{\simeq} \text{Gr Top}^{\text{coop}}$ .



# Sites for Grothendieck Topoi

left cancellative  
Gr. sites

CM-Sites

atomic

étendues

Grothendieck  
Topoi

atomic topoi

[Lawson - Steinberg]

[Dewolff - P]

Ehresmann  
Sites

?

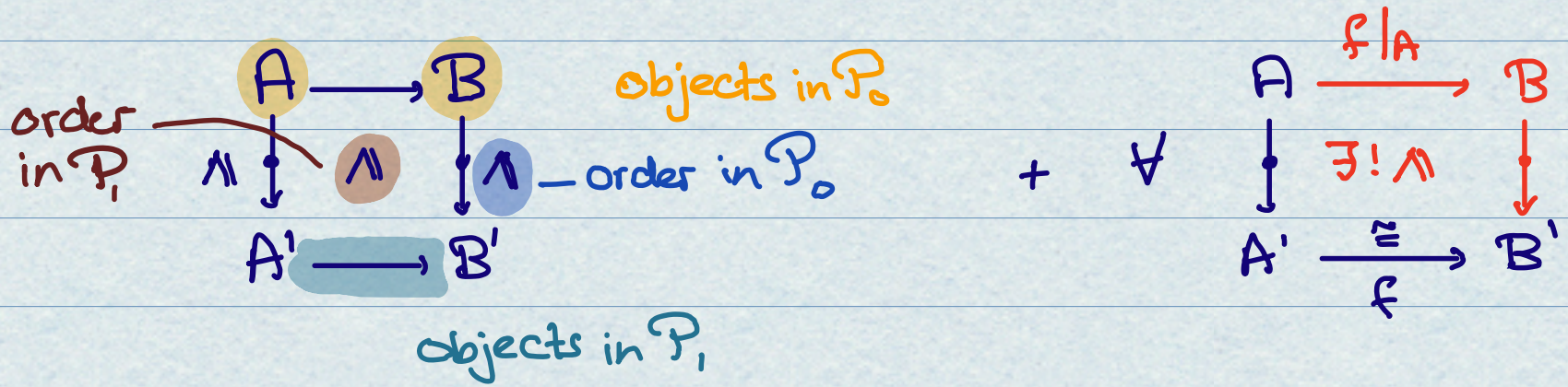
?



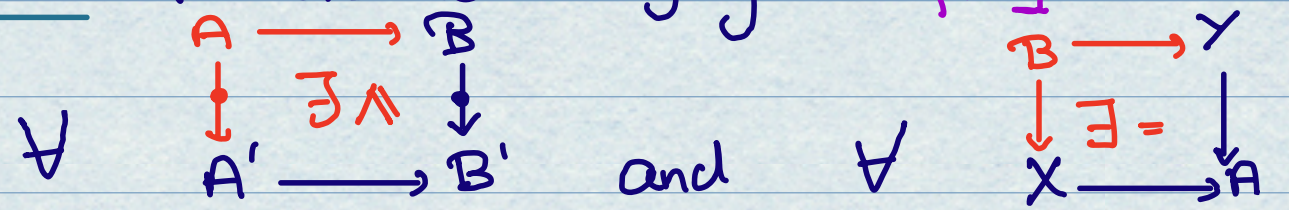
# Generalized Ehresmann Sites

- Replace ordered groupoids by ordered categories :

Definition: An **ordered category** is an internal category  $\mathcal{P}$  in the category of posets whose source  $s: \mathcal{P}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{P}_0$  is a discrete fibration.



Definition: An ordered category is **left quadrable** if





# Generalized Ehresmann Sites

l. Quadr.

Definition A generalized Ehresmann site is an ordered category  $\mathcal{P}$

with an Ehresmann topology, a collection of vertical sieves

$(\mathcal{J}(A), A \in \text{Obj}(\mathcal{P}_0))$ :

(ET.1) the trivial sieve  $(\downarrow A) \in \mathcal{J}(A)$

(ET.2) if  $\mathcal{D} \in \mathcal{J}(B)$  and  $A \xrightarrow{f} B' \rightarrow B$   
 then  $f^*\mathcal{D} = \left( \begin{array}{ccc} A' & \xrightarrow{\quad} & B'' \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ A & \xrightarrow{f} & B' \\ & & \downarrow \\ & & B \end{array} \right) \in \mathcal{J}(A)$ .  
 (Note:  $A'$  and  $B''$  are connected by a green arrow,  $A$  and  $B'$  by a green arrow, and  $B'$  and  $B$  by a green arrow. A red arrow points from  $f^*\mathcal{D}$  to the diagram.)

(ET.3) for  $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{J}(A)$  and  $\mathcal{D}$  any vertical sieve on  $A$ : if for all  $C \xrightarrow{f} A' \rightarrow A$  with  $A' \rightarrow A$  in  $\mathcal{A}$ ,  $f^*\mathcal{D} \in \mathcal{J}(C)$  then  $\mathcal{D} \in \mathcal{J}(A)$ .

Remark:  $\mathcal{J}$  restricts to a Grothendieck topology on the  $\text{cat}^{\text{d}}$  of vertical arrows.



# Sheaves on generalized Ehresmann sites

To define the amalgamation conditions for sheaves  $F: \mathcal{P}^{\text{op}, \mathcal{Q}} \rightarrow \mathcal{Q}\text{-Set}$   
 we need the following notion wrt horizontal arrows in  $\mathcal{P}$ :

Definition: For an ordered cat<sup>d</sup>  $\mathcal{P}$ , double functor  $F: \mathcal{P}^{\text{op}, \mathcal{Q}} \rightarrow \mathcal{Q}\text{-Set}$ ,  
 and horizontal arrow  $f: B \rightarrow A$  in  $\mathcal{P}$ :

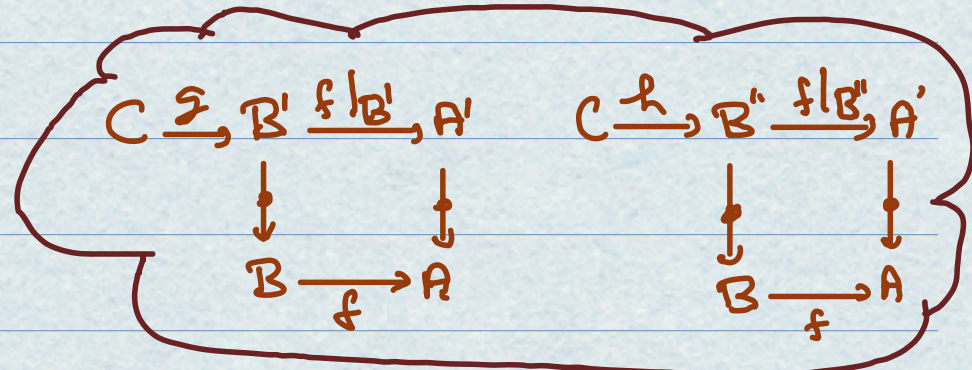
An element  $x \in F(B)$  is self-compatible for  $F$  and  $f$  if

for all  $C \xrightarrow{g} B' \quad C \xrightarrow{h} B''$  with  $f|_{B'} \circ g = f|_{B''} \circ h$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C & \xrightarrow{g} & B' \\ & & \downarrow \\ & & B \end{array} \quad \& \quad \begin{array}{ccc} C & \xrightarrow{h} & B'' \\ & & \downarrow \\ & & B \end{array}$$

We have:

$$F(g) \circ F(B' \rightarrow B)(x) = F(h) \circ F(B'' \rightarrow B)(x)$$





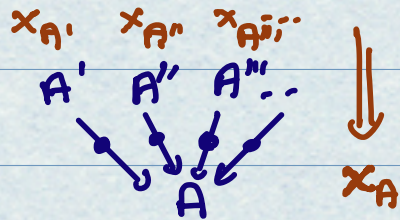
# Sheaves on generalized Ehresmann sites

Definition: A sheaf on a gen. E-site  $(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{V})$  is a functor  $\bar{F}: \mathcal{P}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{Q}\text{Set}$  satisfying the following conditions:

①  $\bar{F}$  is a sheaf on the vertical category with the induced Gr. topology:

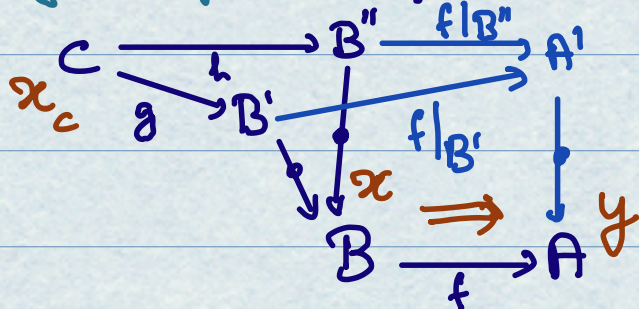
For each  $S \in \mathcal{T}(A)$  and comp. family  $(x_{A'})_{(A' \rightarrow A) \in S} \in \bar{F}(A')$ ,

$\exists! x \in \bar{F}(A)$  s.t.  $\bar{F}(A' \rightarrow A)(x) = x_{A'}$  for all  $A' \rightarrow A \in S$ .



② for each horizontal arrow  $f: B \rightarrow A$  and  $x \in \bar{F}(B)$  which

is self-compatible for  $\bar{F}$  and  $f$ ,  $\exists! y \in \bar{F}(A)$  s.t.  $\bar{F}(f)(y) = x$



A morphism of sheaves is a horizontal (equiv. vertical) transformation of double functors.



CM-sites

generalized E-sites

From Left-Cancellative Categories to Ordered Groupoids

$(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}}, \mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M})$   
a CM-site



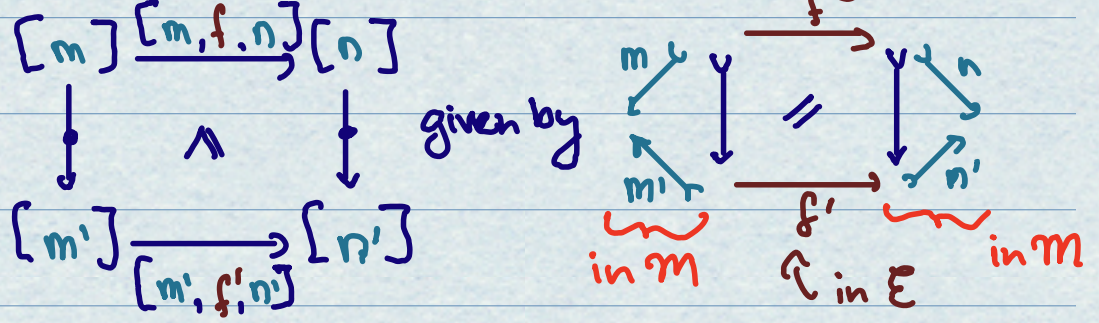
$E(\mathcal{C})$  ordered ~~category~~ groupoid:  
obj: subobjects in  $\mathcal{M}: [m]$ , where  
 $m: A' \twoheadrightarrow A$  in  $\mathcal{M}$

Vert. arrows:  $[m] \rightarrow [n]$  iff  
 $\exists A'' \xrightarrow{k} A'$  in  $\mathcal{M}$

hor. arrows:  $[m] \xrightarrow{[m', f, n']} [n]$

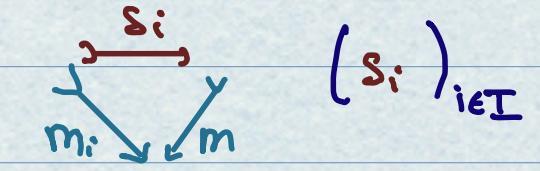
given by

double cells:



Ehresmann topology on  $E(\mathcal{C})$ :

$([m_i] \rightarrow [m])_{i \in I}$  s.t.



is a  $\mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{C}}$ -cover



gen. E. sites

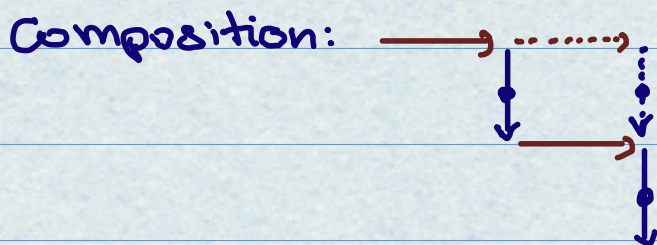
CM-sites

# From ~~Ordered Groupoids~~ to ~~Left-Cancellative Categories~~

$C(\mathcal{P})$ -category of "corners" in  $\mathcal{P}$ :  $\longleftrightarrow (\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{T})$  generalized E-site.

objects: those of  $\mathcal{P}$

arrows: formal composites



topology:  $(B_i \xrightarrow{f_i} A'_i \rightarrow A)_{i \in I}$  covers  
iff  $(A'_i \rightarrow A)_{i \in I}$  covers in  $\mathcal{T}$

factorization system:

- $\mathcal{E} = \{ B \rightarrow A = A \}$  left quadrability
- $\mathcal{M} = \{ B \xrightarrow{\cong} A' \rightarrow A \}$  from that of  $\mathcal{P}$ .

Note: We could also have defined a strict factorization system:  
 $\mathcal{E} = \{ B \rightarrow A = A \}$   
 $\mathcal{M} = \{ B \xrightarrow{id} B \rightarrow A \}$



# Sites for Grothendieck Topoi

left cancellative  
Gr. sites

CM-Sites

atomic

étendues

Grothendieck  
Topoi

atomic topoi

[Lawson - Steinberg]

[Dewolff - P]

Ehresmann  
Sites

generalized  
Ehresmann  
sites

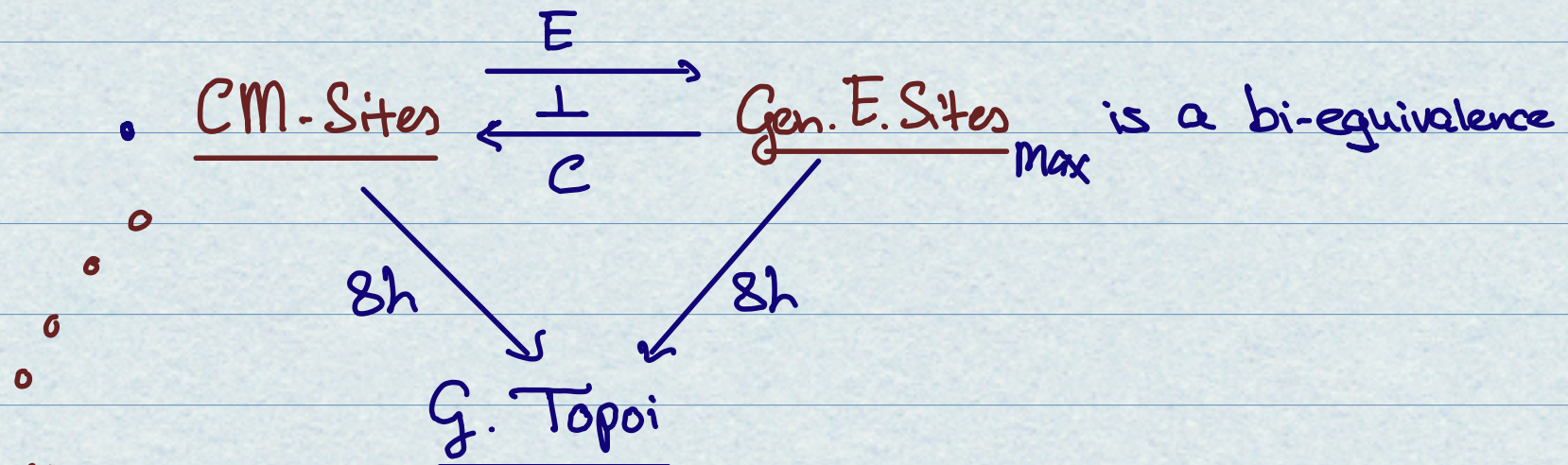
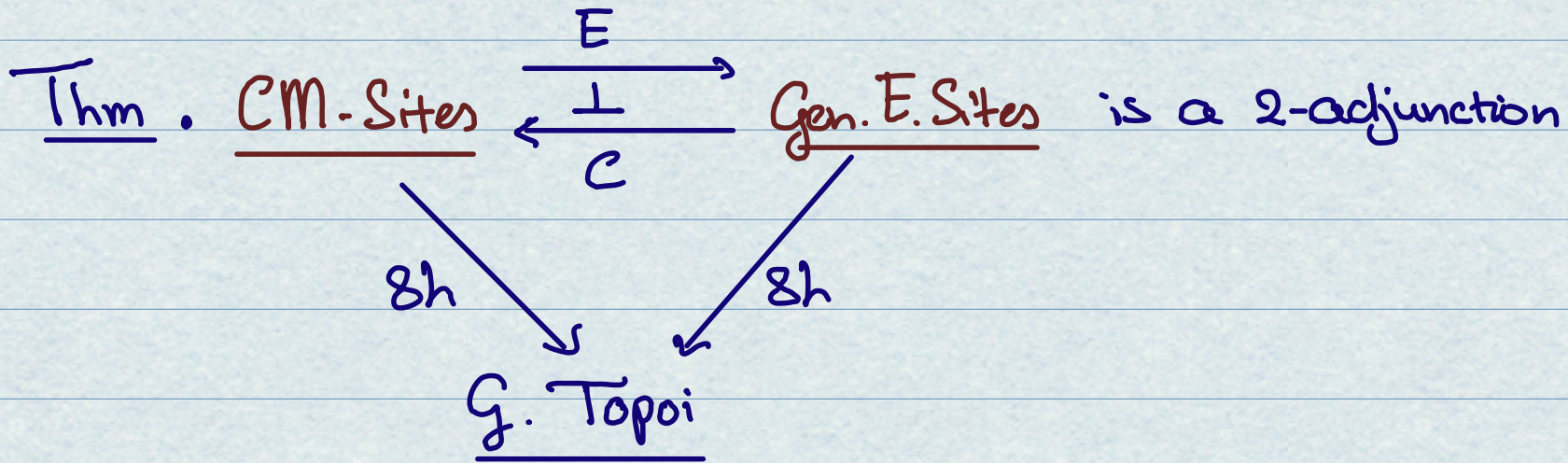
horizontal  
Generalized  
E.-Sites:

left-quadrable ordered  
cat<sup>s</sup> with an Ehresmann topology





# The Correspondence - What we want ...



arrows:

factorization - system preserving  
 covering preserving, covering flat

$\rightsquigarrow$   
 translate ...



# The Correspondences we have ...

• Left-cancellative categories  $\xrightleftharpoons[2\text{-adj.}]{\perp}$  Ordered groupoids

• Left-cancellative categories  $\cong (\text{Ordered Groupoids})_{\max}$

• CM-Cats with fact. syst. pres. functors  $\xrightleftharpoons[2\text{-adj.}]{E}$  Left Quadr. Ordered Categories with all double functors

CM-cats  $\cong (\text{Left Quadr. Ord. Cats})_{\max}$

bieq.



# Morphisms between underlying (double) categories

• Left-cancellative categories  $\xrightleftharpoons[2\text{-adj.}]{\perp}$  Ordered groupoids

• Left-cancellative categories  $\cong (\text{Ordered Groupoids})_{\max}$

• CM-Cats with fact. syst. pres. functors  $\xrightleftharpoons[2\text{-adj.}]{E \perp G}$  Left Quadr. Ordered Categories with all double functors

CM-cats  $\cong (\text{Left Quadr. Ord. Cats})_{\max}$

bieg.

so "just" translate:

covering preserving, covering flat  $\implies$  covering pres., covering flat



# Related Results on Fact<sup>n</sup> Systems and Double Categories

- All double categories we consider are domain discrete as in "Factorization Systems and Double Categories" by M. Štěpán, who gives an equivalence

$$\underline{\text{Cats with SFS}} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{D}} \\ \xleftarrow{\tau} \\ \text{corners} \end{array} \text{Dom-Discr. Dbl. Cats}$$

- Our functor  $\mathcal{L}$  is calculated by taking corners  $\longrightarrow \downarrow$   
 $\mathcal{D}$  is not  $\mathbb{E}$  in general
- Hence, we obtain categories with a strict factorization system inside an OFS:  $\text{SFS} \subseteq \text{OFS}$ .
- $\mathcal{D} : \underline{\text{Cats with SFS}} \longrightarrow \underline{\text{Dom-Discr. Dbl. Cats}}$   
 keeps obj.<sup>s</sup> the same, sends  $\mathcal{L}$  to hor. arrows,  $\mathcal{R}$  to vertical



# Covering-Flat Morphisms

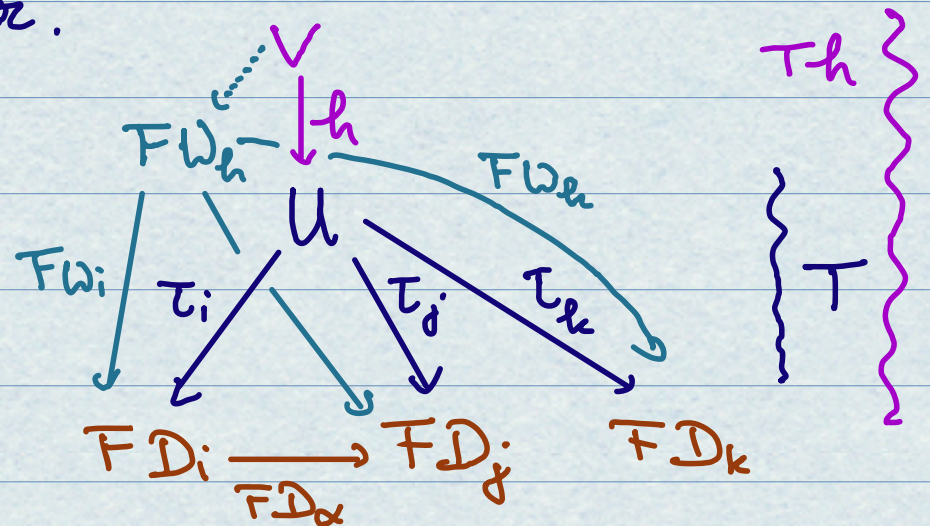
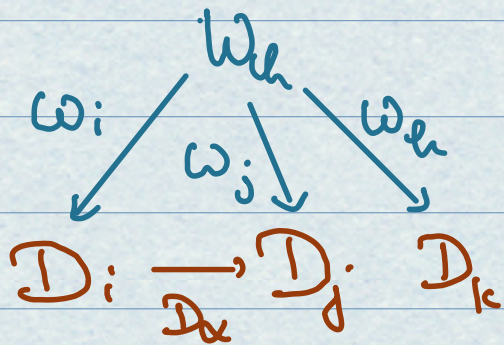
Definition: For a Grothendieck site  $\mathcal{C}$ , a morphism  $F: \mathcal{I} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  is covering flat, if for any finite diagram

$$D: \mathcal{I} \longrightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

and any cone  $T$  over  $F \circ D$  in  $\mathcal{C}$ , with vertex  $U$ , the sieve

$$\{h: V \rightarrow U \mid T \cdot h \text{ factors through the image of a cone over } D\}$$

is a covering sieve over  $U$  in  $\mathcal{C}$ .





## Two Questions

- What are cones for the double category sites?
  - $h\nu$ -cones
- What indexing (double) categories do we need?

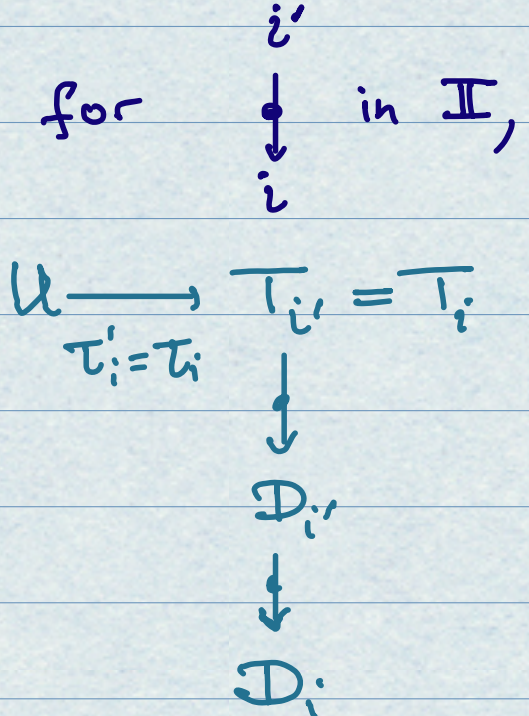
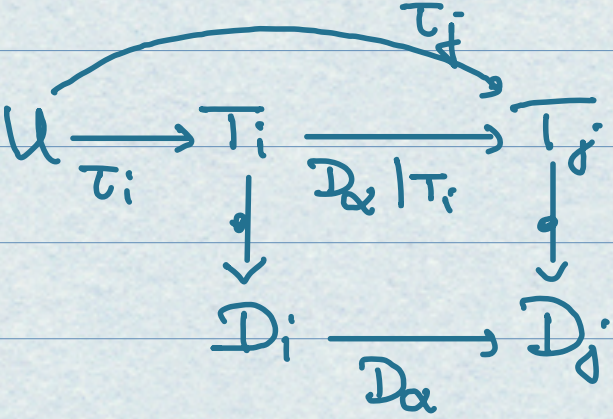


# hv - cones

- for an ordered category  $\mathcal{C}$ , and  $D: \mathbb{I} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ ,  
 an hv-cone  $\overline{T}$  over  $D$  with vertex  $U$  consists  
 of:

$$U \xrightarrow{\tau_i} T_i \downarrow \text{for } i \in \text{Obj}(\mathbb{I}) \\ \downarrow \\ D_i$$

s.t. for  $i \xrightarrow{\alpha} j$  in  $\mathbb{I}$ , and for  $i' \downarrow i$  in  $\mathbb{I}$ ,





# Covering-Flat Morphisms

Definition: For a gener.  $E$ -site  $\mathcal{P}$ , a morphism  $F: \mathcal{P}' \rightarrow \mathcal{P}$  is covering flat, if for any suitable finite diagram

$$D: \mathbb{I} \longrightarrow \mathcal{P}'$$

and any  $h_v$ -cone  $T$  over  $F \circ D$  in  $\mathcal{P}$ , with vertex  $U$ , there is a

family  $\bar{V}_k \xrightarrow{h_k} V_k$  with  $\{V_k \rightarrow U\}_{k \in K}$  covering, s.t.

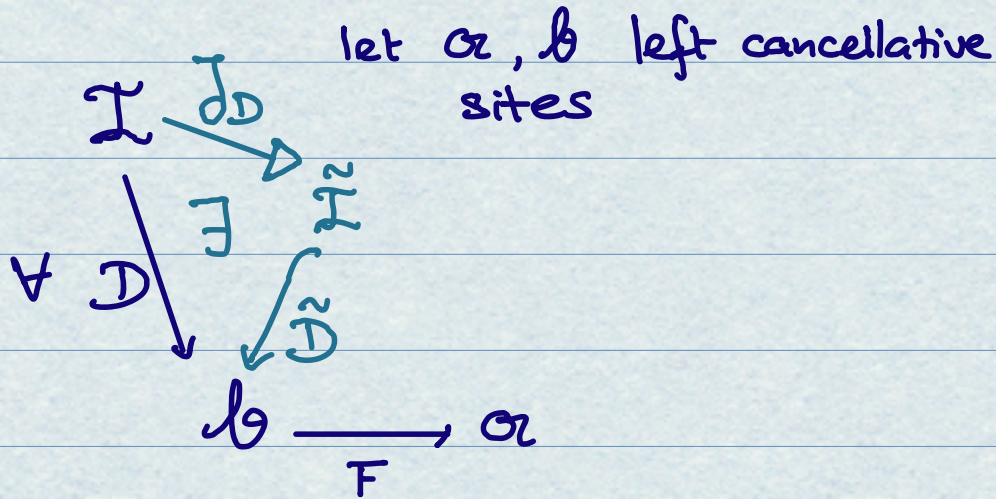
$T|_{V_k} \cdot h_k$  factors through the  $F$ -image of an

$h_v$ -cone over  $D$  in  $\mathcal{P}'$ .



# The Indexing Diagrams for the Cones

For left-cancellative sites



- $J_D$  is bijective on objects  
full on arrows
- $\tilde{D}$  is fully faithful
- by choosing a representative for each subobject in  $\tilde{I}$  we can give it a strict fact<sup>n</sup> system.

$\Rightarrow \tilde{I}$  is left cancellative

$\Rightarrow$  cones over  $D$  (resp.  $F \cdot D$ ) are cones over  $\tilde{D}$  (resp.  $F \cdot \tilde{D}$ )

$\therefore$  We may assume for left-cancellative sites that the diagrams in the definition of "covering-flat arrow" are left cancellative, and have a strict factorization system.



# Indexing Categories for Diagrams in CM-sites

Proposition: For  $\mathcal{C}$  a category with an OFS  $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M})$ ,  $\mathcal{M} \subseteq$  monic arrows, and  $\mathbb{D}: \mathcal{I} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  a finite diagram, there is a factorization

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{I} & \xrightarrow{\mathbb{J}} & \tilde{\mathcal{I}} \\ & \searrow \mathbb{D} & \swarrow \tilde{\mathbb{D}} \\ & \mathcal{C} & \end{array}$$

with strict factorization  $(\mathbb{L}, \mathbb{R})$  on  $\tilde{\mathcal{I}}$ , s.t.

- $\mathbb{J}$  is injective on objects
- $\tilde{\mathbb{D}}(\mathbb{L}) \subseteq \mathcal{E}$ ,  $\tilde{\mathbb{D}}(\mathbb{R}) \subseteq \mathcal{M}$
- Cones over  $\mathbb{D}$  extend uniquely to cones over  $\tilde{\mathbb{D}}$
- $\tilde{\mathcal{I}}$  is finite

if  $\mathcal{C}$  has an SFS  $\subseteq$  OFS, we may take  $\tilde{\mathbb{D}}$  SFS-preserving.



# Construction of $\tilde{\mathcal{I}}$ :

objects:  $\text{Obj}(\mathcal{I}) \cup \{\hat{f} \mid f \in \text{Arr}(\mathcal{I})\}$

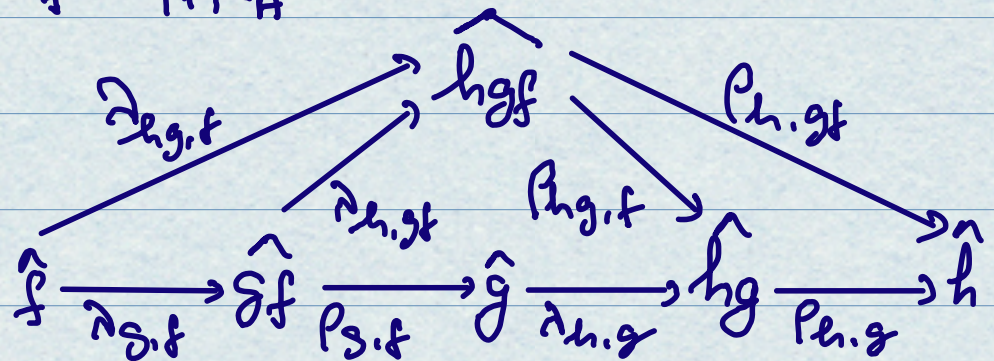
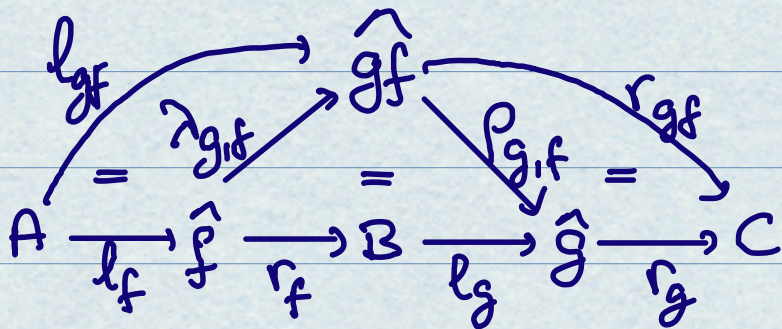
arrows: generated by:

$$* A \xrightarrow{l_f} \hat{f} \xrightarrow{r_f} B \quad \text{for } A \xrightarrow{f} B \text{ in } \mathcal{I}$$

$$* \hat{f} \xrightarrow{\lambda_{g,f}} \hat{g} \xrightarrow{\rho_{g,f}} \hat{h} \quad \text{for } A \xrightarrow{f} B \xrightarrow{g} C \text{ in } \mathcal{I}$$

Subject to: •  $r_{I_A} \circ l_{I_A} = I_A$ , the empty string at A

•  $\lambda_{I_B, f} = I_{\hat{f}} = \rho_{f, I_A}$  for  $f: A \rightarrow B$  in  $\mathcal{I}$ .



$$\mathcal{L} = \{l_f\} \cup \{\lambda_{g,f}\} \cup \{id\}$$

$$\mathcal{R} = \{r_f\} \cup \{\rho_{g,f}\} \cup \{id\}$$



# Indexing Double Categories

Claim: for double categorical covering-flatness between (generalized) Ehresmann sites, it is sufficient to use diagrams indexed by finite domain-discrete double categories.



F covering flat  $\Rightarrow$   $G(F)$  covering flat

For:  $\tilde{I} \xrightarrow{\tilde{D}} (G(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}}), (\mathcal{H}, \mathcal{V}) \subseteq \text{OFS}) \xrightarrow{G(F)} (G(\mathcal{P}', \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}'}) , \dots)$

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{S}(\tilde{I}) = \Pi \xrightarrow{\delta} (\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}}) \xrightarrow{F} (\mathcal{P}', \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}'})$   
 dbl functor

• F covering flat: each hv-cone  $T$  with vertex  $U$  over  $F \circ \delta$  has an "hv-covering"  $V_k \xrightarrow{\xi_k} U_k$  s.t. each hv-cone  $T|_{U_k} \xrightarrow{\xi_k} U_k$

factors through the  $F$ -image of an hv-cone over  $\delta$ .

• these hv-cones over  $F \circ \delta$  and  $\delta$  (respectively) correspond precisely to cones over  $G(F) \circ \tilde{D}$  and  $\tilde{D}$  (respectively).

$\therefore$  F covering-flat  $\Rightarrow$   $G(F)$  covering flat

when  $F$  is cov. flat for diagrams indexed by finite dom. discr. dbl. cats



$\varphi$  covering flat  $\implies E(\varphi)$  covering flat

for  $\mathbb{I} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{G}} E(\sigma, \mathcal{J}_\sigma, (\mathcal{E}_\sigma, \mathcal{M}_\sigma)) \xrightarrow{E(\varphi)} E(\tau, \mathcal{J}_\tau, (\mathcal{E}_\tau, \mathcal{M}_\tau)) \quad (*)$

We get:

$\text{Corners}(\mathbb{I}) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{D}} \mathcal{G}E(\sigma, \mathcal{J}_\sigma, (\mathcal{E}_\sigma, \mathcal{M}_\sigma)) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{G}E(\varphi)} \mathcal{G}E(\tau, \mathcal{J}_\tau, \dots)$

objects:

$[X' \xrightarrow{x} X]$

for  $x$  in  $\sigma$

$\implies$  choose representatives

$\implies \text{Corners}(\mathbb{I}) =: \mathcal{I} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{D}'} (\sigma, \mathcal{J}_\sigma, (\mathcal{E}_\sigma, \mathcal{M}_\sigma)) \xrightarrow{\varphi} (\tau, \mathcal{J}_\tau, (\mathcal{E}_\tau, \mathcal{M}_\tau))$

and cones here correspond to  $\text{hr}$ -cones in  $(*)$

$\therefore$  Suitable finite  $\mathbb{I} :=$  finite domain discrete double cat<sup>d</sup>  $\mathbb{I}$



## Covering Flat for CM-sites and Generalized Ehresmann Sites

- For CM-sites we can define covering-flatness of arrows in term of cones over diagrams with a strict factorization system.
- For generalized Ehresmann sites we can define covering-flatness of arrows in terms of hv-cones over diagrams with a finite double category  $\mathbb{I}$  for which the source is a discrete fibration.



# 2-Adjunctions and Bi-equivalences

$$\underline{\text{lc Cats}} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\quad} \\ \perp \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \end{array} \underline{\text{cGpds}}$$

$$\underline{\text{lc Cats}} \quad \simeq \quad (\underline{\text{cGpds}})_{\max}$$

each component of the vertical category has a maximal object

$$\underline{\text{lc Sites}} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\quad} \\ \perp \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \end{array} \underline{\text{E-Sites}}$$

$$\underline{\text{lc Sites}} \quad \simeq \quad (\underline{\text{E-Sites}})_{\max}$$

morphisms:  
cov. pres.  
cov. flat  
pres. left class  
pres. right class

$$\underline{\text{CM Sites}} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\quad} \\ \perp \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \end{array} \underline{\text{gen E-Sites}}$$

$$\underline{\text{CM sites}} \quad \simeq \quad (\underline{\text{gen E-Sites}})_{\max}$$

morphisms  
cov. preserving  
cov. flat  
in terms of  
fin. dbl. cats  
with src. a discr.  
fibration.

We can now translate the comparison lemma conditions



# Comparison Lemma Maps

For Grothendieck sites

$$F: (a, \mathcal{J}_a) \rightarrow (b, \mathcal{J}_b)$$

For Ehresmann Sites

$$\varphi: (\mathbb{E}, \mathcal{T}_{\mathbb{E}}) \rightarrow (\mathbb{F}, \mathcal{T}_{\mathbb{F}})$$

For Generalized Ehresmann Sites

$$\varphi: (\mathbb{C}, \mathcal{T}_{\mathbb{C}}) \rightarrow (\mathbb{D}, \mathcal{T}_{\mathbb{D}})$$

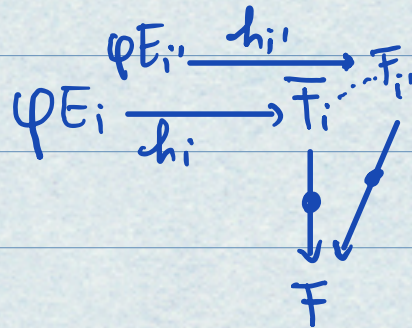
locally surjective on objects:

for each  $B$  in  $\mathcal{b}$  there  
is a cover  
 $\{f_i: A_i \rightarrow B; i \in I\}$  in  $\mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{b}}$

for each  $F$  in  $\mathbb{F}$  there is  
a family

$$\{\varphi E_i \xrightarrow{h_i} F_i \twoheadrightarrow F\}$$

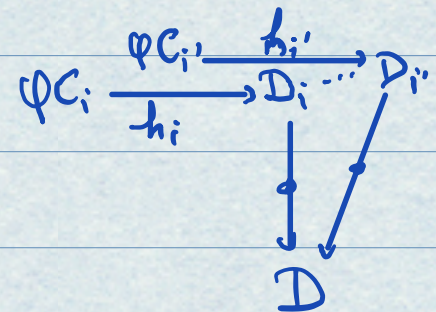
such that  $\{F_i \twoheadrightarrow F\} \in \mathcal{T}_{\mathbb{F}}$



for each  $D$  in  $\mathbb{D}$  there is  
a family

$$\{\varphi C_i \xrightarrow{h_i} D_i \twoheadrightarrow D\}$$

such that  $\{D_i \twoheadrightarrow D\} \in \mathcal{T}_{\mathbb{D}}$





# Comparison Lemma Maps

For Grothendieck sites

$$F: (\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{J}_\mathcal{A}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{J}_\mathcal{B})$$

for each pair of arrows

$$A \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{f} \\ \xrightarrow{g} \end{array} A' \text{ in } \mathcal{A}$$

such that  $F(f) = F(g)$

there is a cover

$$\{A_i \xrightarrow{h_i} A; i \in I\} \text{ in } \mathcal{J}_\mathcal{A}$$

such that  $f h_i = g h_i$ .

For Ehresmann Sites

$$\varphi: (\mathbb{E}, \mathcal{T}_\mathbb{E}) \rightarrow (\mathbb{F}, \mathcal{T}_\mathbb{F})$$

locally faithful:

for each pair of horizontal

$$\text{arrows } E \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{f} \\ \xrightarrow{g} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} C_f \\ C_g \end{array}$$

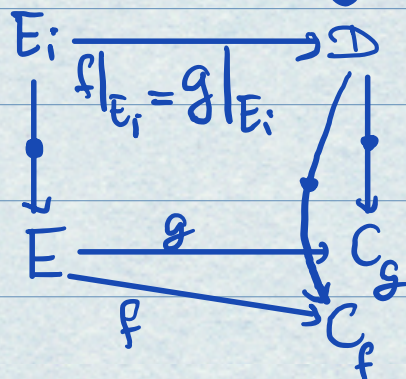
$$\text{with } C_f \rightarrow C \leftarrow C_g$$

such that  $\varphi(f) = \varphi(g)$

there is a cover

$$\{E_i \rightarrow E\} \text{ in } \mathcal{T}_\mathbb{E}$$

such that  $f|_{E_i} = g|_{E_i}$ .



For Generalized Ehresmann Sites

$$\varphi: (\mathbb{C}, \mathcal{T}_\mathbb{C}) \rightarrow (\mathbb{D}, \mathcal{T}_\mathbb{D})$$

for each pair of horizontal

$$\text{arrows } B \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{f} \\ \xrightarrow{g} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} C_f \\ C_g \end{array}$$

$$\text{with } C_f \rightarrow C \leftarrow C_g$$

such that  $\varphi(f) = \varphi(g)$

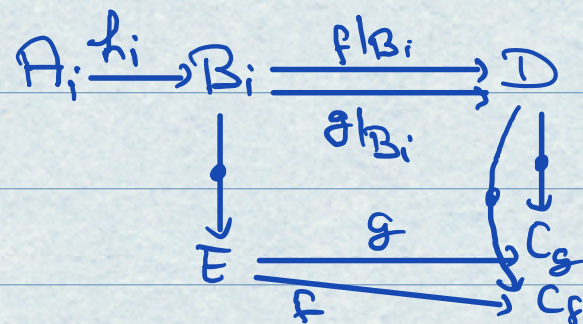
there is a cover

$$\{B_i \rightarrow B\} \text{ in } \mathcal{T}_\mathbb{C}$$

with horizontal arrows

$$A_i \xrightarrow{h_i} B_i \text{ such that}$$

$$f|_{B_i} \circ h_i = g|_{B_i} \circ h_i$$





# Comparison Lemma Maps

For Grothendieck sites

$$F: (\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{J}_\mathcal{A}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{J}_\mathcal{B})$$

for every arrow

$$F(A) \xrightarrow{h} F(A')$$

there is a cover

$$\{A_i \xrightarrow{a_i} A\} \text{ in } \mathcal{J}_\mathcal{A}$$

with arrows

$$A_i \xrightarrow{f_i} A'$$

such that

$$h \circ F(a_i) = F(f_i)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} F(A_i) & \xrightarrow{F(a_i)} & F(A) & \xrightarrow{h} & F(A') \\ & \searrow & & \nearrow & \\ & & F(f_i) & & \end{array}$$

For Ehresmann Sites

$$\varphi: (\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{T}_\mathcal{E}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{T}_\mathcal{F})$$

locally full

for every diagram

$$\varphi(E) \xrightarrow{h} F \bullet \rightarrow \varphi(D)$$

in  $\mathcal{F}$ , there is a cover

$$\{E_i \bullet \rightarrow E\} \text{ in } \mathcal{T}_\mathcal{E}$$

and a family

$$\{E_i \xrightarrow{e_i} D_i\}$$

such that

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \varphi E_i & \xrightarrow{\varphi e_i} & \varphi D_i \\ \downarrow & \wedge & \downarrow \\ \varphi E & \xrightarrow{h} & F \\ & & \downarrow \\ & & \varphi(D) \end{array}$$

i.e.  $h|_{\varphi E_i} = \varphi e_i$

For Generalized Ehresmann Sites

$$\varphi: (\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{T}_\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{T}_\mathcal{D})$$

for every diagram

$$\varphi C \xrightarrow{h} D \bullet \rightarrow \varphi E \text{ in } \mathcal{D}$$

there is a cover

$$\{C_i \bullet \rightarrow C\} \text{ in } \mathcal{T}_\mathcal{C}$$

and a family

$$\{C_i' \xrightarrow{c_i} C_i\}$$

with a family

$$\{C_i' \xrightarrow{k_i} E_i\}$$

such that

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \varphi C_i' & \xrightarrow{\varphi c_i} & \varphi C_i & \xrightarrow{h|_{\varphi C_i}} & \varphi E_i \\ & \searrow & & \nearrow & \\ & & \varphi C & \xrightarrow{h} & D \\ & & & & \downarrow \\ & & & & \varphi E \end{array}$$

i.e.  $h|_{\varphi C_i} \circ \varphi c_i = \varphi k_i$



# Comparison Lemma Maps

For Grothendieck sites

$$F: (a, \mathcal{J}_a) \rightarrow (b, \mathcal{J}_b)$$

for each cover

$$\{ \xi_i : B_i \rightarrow FA \} \text{ in } \mathcal{J}_b$$

the set of arrows

$$f: A' \rightarrow A$$

s.t.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \exists & FA' & \xrightarrow{g} & B_i \\ & \searrow F_f & & \downarrow \xi_i \\ & & & FA \end{array}$$

Covers A

For Ehresmann Sites

$$\varphi: (E, \mathcal{J}_E) \rightarrow (F, \mathcal{J}_F)$$

for each cover

$$\{ F_i \rightarrow \varphi E \} \text{ in } \mathcal{J}_F$$

the set of arrows

$$E' \rightarrow E$$

s.t.

$$\varphi E' \rightarrow F_i$$

for some  $i$ ,  
covers  $E$  in  $\mathcal{J}_E$

For Generalized Ehresmann Sites

$$\varphi: (C, \mathcal{J}_C) \rightarrow (D, \mathcal{J}_D)$$

as for Ehresmann sites

+

for each

$$F \xrightarrow{h} \varphi E$$

the set of arrows

$$E' \rightarrow E$$

s.t.

$$\exists E'' \xrightarrow{k} E'$$

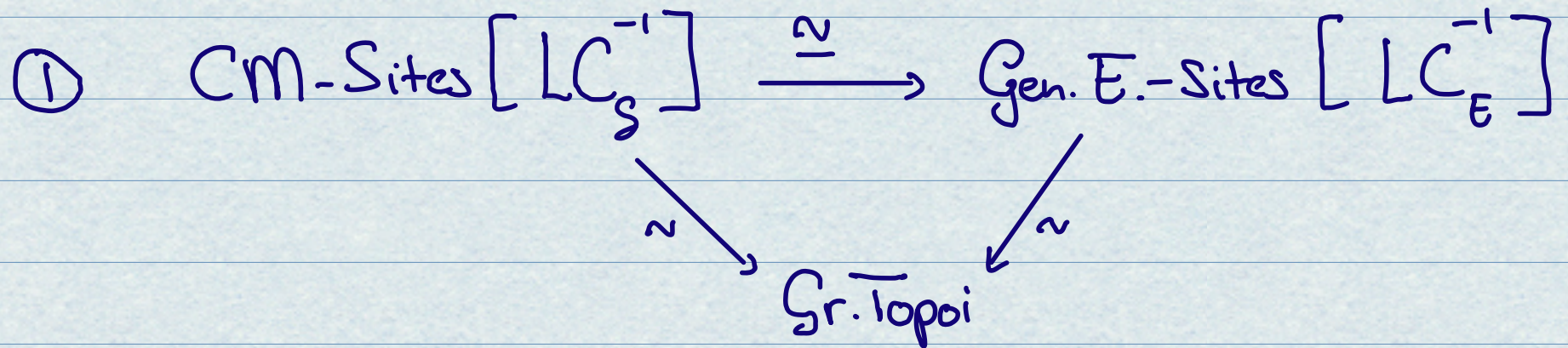
and

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & \varphi k & & \\ & & \curvearrowright & & \\ \varphi E'' & \rightarrow & F' & \xrightarrow{h|_{F'}} & \varphi E' \\ & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ & & F & \xrightarrow{h} & \varphi E \end{array}$$

Covers E.



So we have



and an observation:

② The factorization system  $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M})$  on the topos  $\mathcal{G}$  itself gives us  $\mathcal{G}$  as a wreath product of  $\mathcal{E}$  and  $\mathcal{M}$ .



# Etendues and Fractions

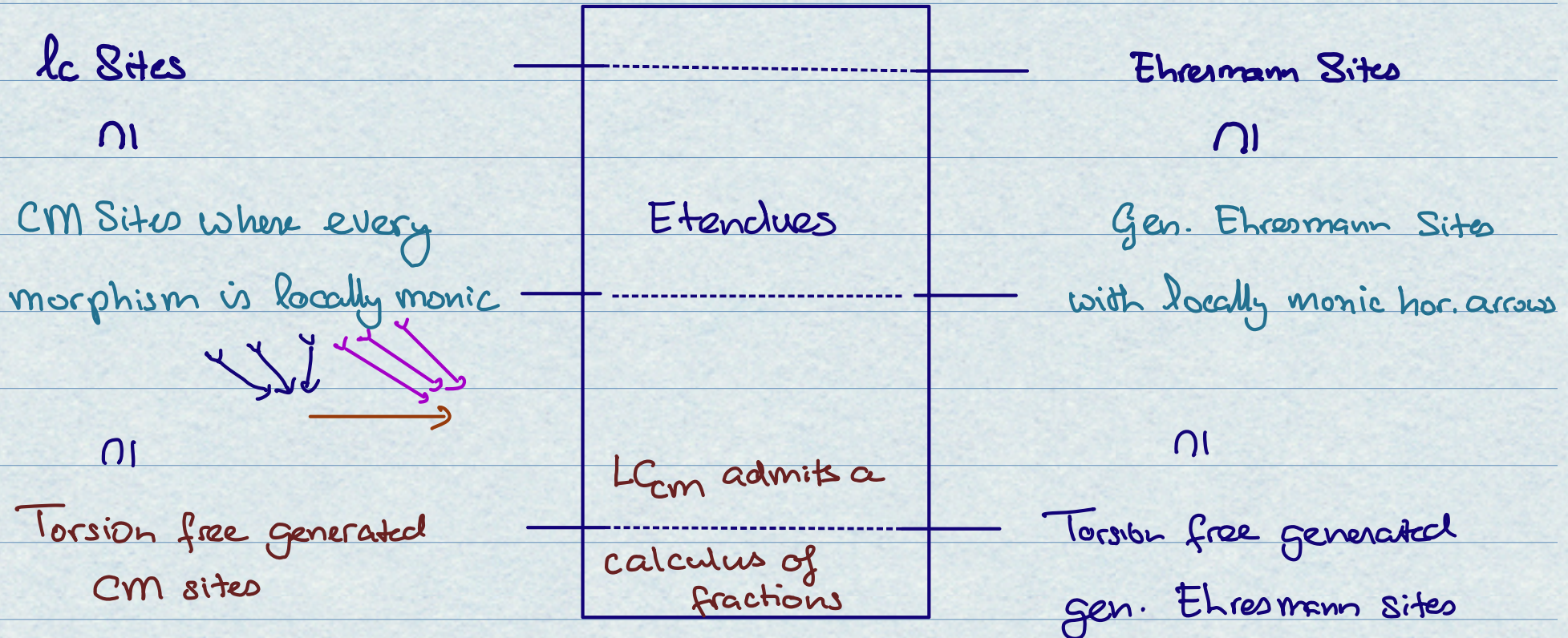
Gr. Site  $[LC^{-1}] \stackrel{[R_S]}{\simeq} Gr \overline{Topoi}^{coop}$

CM Site  $[LC_{cm}^{-1}] \stackrel{[D.P., R_S]}{\simeq} Gr \overline{Topoi}^{coop}$

lc Sites  $\xrightarrow{sh}$  Etendues<sup>coop</sup>

↑ not enough for  $LC = LC_{cm}$  to admit a calculus of fractions

Inspired by [Kock - Moerdijk]:





## Work in Progress

- Is the wreath product a topos theoretic wreath product?
- Consider further examples of CM sites (for manifolds, topological spaces, restriction categories, persistence diagrams).
- Consider larger (double) categories of sheaves with values in  $\text{Span}(\underline{\text{Set}})$  or  $\text{Rel}(\underline{\text{Set}})$   
→ double topoi
- Connections with groupoid representations for étendues/topoi.



Thank you!