

ASSESSMENTVILLE – A PREVIEW

Ehud Sharlin¹, Benjamin Watson², Lili Liu¹, Steve Sutphen¹, Robert Lederer¹, Pablo Figueroa¹ and John Frazer³

1. University of Alberta; 2. Northwestern University; 3. The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Tangible User Interfaces (TUIs):

- Interface devices that use physical objects as means of inputting shape, space and structure into the virtual domain.

Our challenge:

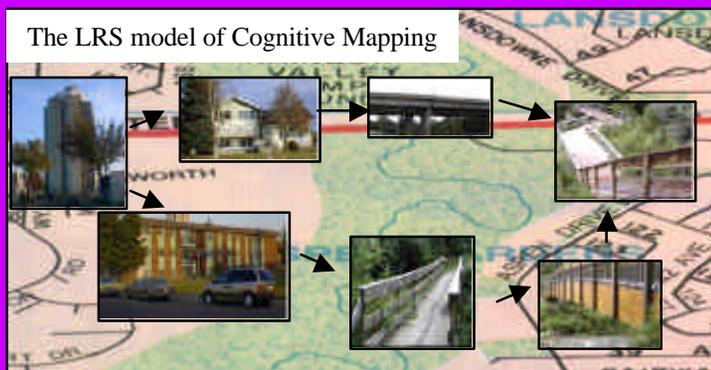
- Explore valuable applications for current TUIs.

The problem:

- Assessing Alzheimer Disease (AD) in its early phases.
- Early phases of AD affect a crucial life skill, finding your way around.
- The decline in functional wayfinding is caused by the decline in cognitive mapping abilities: the ability to create a mental representation of space.
- Early AD affects the higher level of cognitive mapping – the ability to create survey knowledge – a detailed synergy of landmarks and routes to a map-like representation.

Suggested solution:

- Cognitive Map Probe (CMP) – automatic assessment of AD in its early phases by automatically measuring the user's cognitive mapping abilities.
- The CMP employs Assessmentville – a TUI based neighborhood environment. The user explores a virtual environment and then reconstructs it physically. The virtual interface consists of highly realistic virtual 3D urban models. The physical interface consists of the precise physical counterparts (3D print-out) of the virtual models.
- The CMP's usage of identical physical and virtual entities affords simple mapping between the virtual and physical element, making it valuable for elderly users.



Cognitive Mapping:

The LRS (Landmark, Routes, Survey) model.

Survey Knowledge:

A detailed synergy of landmarks and routes to a map-like representation.

The Cognitive Map Probe

Virtual Exploration and familiarization
The user cognitively maps a new environment.

Physical Querying – using Assessmentville.
The system probes the accuracy of the user's cognitive map.

Virtual Feedback