Geometric Algorithms for Clearance Based Optimal Path Computation

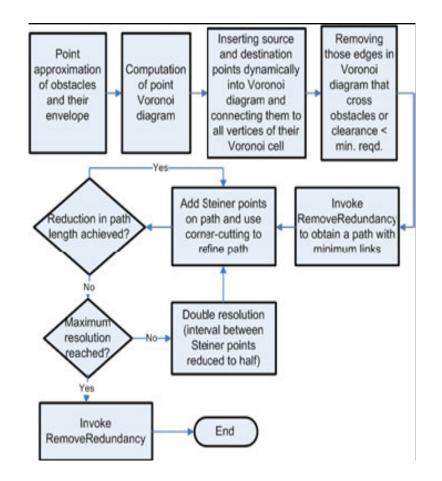
> Priyadarshi Bhattacharya, Marina L. Gavrilova

SPARCS Lab University of Calgary {pbhattac,marina}@cpsc.ucalgary.ca

15th ACM GIS: Seattle, WA: Nov 7-9, 2007

## Algorithm

- The algorithm is based on the Voronoi diagram for clearance based optimal path generation between source and destination points in the presence of simple disjoint polygonal obstacles in O(nlogn).
- We compute the Voronoi diagram (Vc) of the obstacle vertices. The source and destination are added dynamically to Vc. After this, we remove all edges from Vc that have clearance < Cmin. The remaining edges represent the connectivity of the free space and constitute the roadmap.



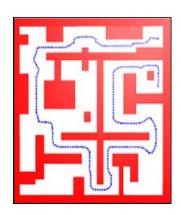
## Results



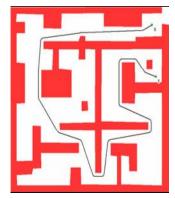
Path from roadmap



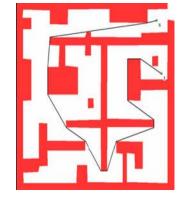
Path after iterative refinement



Optimal path



Final refined path (Cmin = 12)



Final refined path (Cmin = 0)

Method outperforms visibility graph and roadmap based approaches. 15<sup>th</sup> ACM GIS: Seattle, WA: Nov 7—9, 2007